

# AKROTEK® •• PK-VM GF 30 7 HU black (8695)

PK GF30

AKROTEK® PK-VM GF 30 7 HU black (8695) is a 30% glass fibre reinforced Polyketone with average stiffness and strength. Due to its very good media resistance, the material is suitable for the use in applications that carry cooling water. The PK-VM GF 30 schwarz (8655) was developed as the successor to meet the requirements for a larger process window during processing.

Features		Regulatory		
hydrolysis / chemically stabilised		(UL)		
		9		
Properties				
Modulus	Strength		Impact	
<b>8.000</b> MPa	<b>130</b> MPa		<b>65</b> kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	

#### **Mechanical Properties**

Tensile modulus	1 mm/min   d.a.m.	8000 MPa
ISO 527-2	1 mm/min   conditioned	7700 MPa
Tensile stress at break	5 mm/min   d.a.m.	130 MPa
ISO 527-2	5 mm/min   conditioned	120 MPa
Tensile strain at break	5 mm/min   d.a.m.	3,1 %
ISO 527-2	5 mm/min   conditioned	3,1 %
Flexural modulus ISO 178	2 mm/min   d.a.m.	8200 MPa
Flexural strength	2 mm/min   d.a.m.	210 MPa
Charpy impact strength	23°C   d.a.m.	65 kJ/m²
ISO 179-1/1eU	23°C   conditioned	65 kJ/m²
Charpy notched impact strength	23°C   d.a.m.	15 kJ/m²
ISO 179-1/1eA	23°C   conditioned	15 kJ/m²



## **Thermal Properties**

Temperature of deflection under load HDT/A ISO 75	1,8 MPa	215 °C
Melting temperature ISO 11357-3	DSC, 10K/min	215 °C
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion ISO 11359-1/2	23°C to 80°C   parallel 23°C to 80°C   transverse	0,18 10 <sup>-4</sup> /K 1,16 10 <sup>-4</sup> /K

## Flammability

Flammability	UL 0,8 mm Wall thickness	HB Class
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UL 94	UL 1,6 mm Wall thickness	HB Class
	UL 3,2 mm Wall thickness	HB Class
GWFI	0,8 mm Wall thickness	725 °C
IEC 60695-2-12	1,6 mm Wall thickness	725 °C
HWI	1,6 mm Wall thickness	1 PLC
UL 746A	1,6 mm Wall thickness	1 PLC

## **General Properties**

Density ISO 1183	23°C	1,48 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Humidity absorption ISO 1110	70°C, 62% r.H.	0,6 - 0,7 %
Molding shrinkage ISO 294-4	flow transverse	0,3 - 0,5 % 0,8 - 1,0 %

#### **Electrical Properties**

Volume resistivity IEC 62631-3-1	d.a.m.	10 <sup>13</sup> Ω x cm
Surface resistivity IEC 62631-3-2	d.a.m.	10 <sup>12</sup> Ω



Comparative tracking index IEC 60112	Test liquid A	600 V
Rheological Properties		

**MVR** ISO 1133

240°C/2,16kg

4 cm<sup>3</sup>/10 min



#### Processing

The values mentioned are recommendations. We only recommend desiccant / dry air dryers or vacuum dryers. Too long a drying time and the resulting residual moisture content below the lower limit can lead to filling problems and surface defects. The specified drying time refers to closed and undamaged bagged material. When processing from previously opened bags or from octabins with polyolefin inliners, a longer drying time may be necessary. It is recommended to check the residual moisture content after the drying process.

0 - 4 h	) Drying time	
80 °C	Drying temperature (τ <= -30°C)	
0,02 - 0,1 %	Processing moisture	
60 - 80 °C	) Feed section	
220 - 260 °C	Temperature Zone 1 - Zone 4	(5) (3) (2) (1) (2)
230 - 260 °C	) Nozzle temperature	(3
230 - 260 °C	) Melt temperature	4
60 - 120 °C	) Mold temperature	5
300 - 800 bai	) Holding pressure, spec.	$\overline{\bigcirc}$
30 - 70 bai	) Back pressure, spec.	E
medium to high	Injection speed	
8 - 15 m/mir	Screw speed	

Polyketones crosslink depending on time and temperature, crosslinking is noticed by an increase of viscosity and/or dark spots in natural colored compounds. The melt temperature should be at or below 260 °C and under no circumstances go beyond 270 °C because crosslinking speed will increase. The use of a hot runner system is not recommended when processing polyketone. However, if it is used, it should be noted that the residence time in the barrel including the hot runner should not exceed 10 min. If interruptions of more than 10 minutes are expected, the barrel and hot runner need to be purged and cleaned with polyolefins. The molding machine needs to be purged with polyolefines before and after processing of AKROTEK® PK! There is a risk of cross linking caused by reactions with POM or PA as well as unsuitable masterbatches or cleaning compounds! Crosslinking is noticed by an increase of viscosity and or dark spots in natural colored compounds. In this case purge immediately with polyolefines. Further processing instructions are available on request.